

# **FORANE® 22**

## 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

#### Company

Arkema Inc. 900 First Avenue King of Prussia, Pennsylvania 19406

**Fluorochemicals** 

Customer Service Telephone Number: (800) 245-5858

(Monday through Friday, 8:00 AM to 5:00 PM EST)

**Emergency Information** 

**Transportation:** CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300

(24 hrs., 7 days a week)

Medical: Rocky Mountain Poison Center: (866) 767-5089

(24 hrs., 7 days a week)

**Product Information** 

**Product name:** FORANE® 22 **Synonyms:** Forane 22, R-22

Molecular formula: CHCIF2

Chemical family: Hydrochlorofluorocarbon

Product use: Low temperature refrigerant, Air conditioning

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

## **Emergency Overview**

Color: Clear - colourless
Physical state: gaseous
Form: Liquefied gas
Odor: Slightly ether-like

## \*Classification of the substance or mixture:

Gases under pressure, Liquefied gas, H280 Hazardous to the ozone layer, Category 1, H420

\*For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.



## **FORANE® 22**

# **GHS-Labelling**

Hazard pictograms:





Signal word: Warning

#### **Hazard statements:**

H280 : Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H420: Harms public health and the environment by destroying ozone in the upper atmosphere.

## **Supplemental Hazard Statements:**

May decompose on contact with flames or extremely hot metal surfaces to produce toxic and corrosive products. Overheating or overpressurizing may cause gas release or violent cylinder bursting.

May cause frostbite.

May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

May cause cardiac sensitization/cardiac arrhythmia.

May cause headache, nausea, dizziness, drowsiness, loss of consciousness.

# **Precautionary statements:**

## Storage:

P403: Store in a well-ventilated place.

P410: Protect from sunlight.

#### Disposal:

P502: Refer to manufacturer/ supplier for information on recovery/ recycling.

## **Supplemental information:**

#### **Potential Health Effects:**

Liquid: Contact with liquid or refrigerated gas can cause cold burns and frostbite. Vapor: Gas/vapor is heavier than air and can cause suffocation by reducing oxygen available for breathing. If inhaled: Central nervous system effects: headache, nausea, dizziness, drowsiness, loss of consciousness. Stress induced heart effects: Inhalation may cause an increase in the sensitivity of the heart to adrenaline, which could result in irregular or rapid heartbeats and reduced heart function.

# Medical conditions aggravated by overexposure:



## **FORANE® 22**

Heart disease or compromised heart function.

#### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Wt/Wt	GHS Classification**
Methane, chlorodifluoro-	75-45-6	100 %	H280, H420

<sup>\*\*</sup>For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

# 4.1. Description of necessary first-aid measures:

#### Inhalation:

If inhaled, remove victim to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

#### Skin

If on skin, flush exposed skin with lukewarm water (not hot), or use other means to warm skin slowly. Get medical attention if frostbitten by liquid or if irritation occurs. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

#### Eyes:

Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water.

## Ingestion:

Ingestion is not applicable - product is a gas at ambient temperatures.

# 4.2. Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed:

For most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed), see Section 2 (Hazard Statements and Supplemental Information if applicable) and Section 11 (Toxicology Information) of this SDS.

## 4.3. Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary:

Unless otherwise noted in Notes to Physician, no specific treatment noted; treat symptomatically.

## Notes to physician:

Do not give drugs from adrenaline-ephedrine group.



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## 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

## Extinguishing media (suitable):

Use extinguishing media appropriate to surrounding fire conditions.

#### Protective equipment:

Fire fighters and others who may be exposed to products of combustion should wear full fire fighting turn out gear (full Bunker Gear) and self-contained breathing apparatus (pressure demand / NIOSH approved or equivalent).

#### Further firefighting advice:

Fight fire with large amounts of water from a safe distance.

Stop the flow of gas if possible.

Water mist should be used to reduce vapor concentrations in air.

Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Closed containers of this material may explode when subjected to heat from surrounding fire.

After a fire, wait until the material has cooled to room temperature before initiating clean-up activities.

Fire fighting equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use.

#### Fire and explosion hazards:

May decompose on contact with flames or extremely hot metal surfaces to produce toxic and corrosive products. Liquid and gas under pressure, overheating or overpressurizing may cause gas release and/or violent cylinder bursting.

Container may explode if heated due to resulting pressure rise.

Some mixtures of HCFCs and/or HFCs, and air or oxygen may be combustible if pressurized and exposed to extreme heat or flame.

When burned, the following hazardous products of combustion can occur:

hydrofluoric acid

Hydrochloric acid

Carbon oxides

Carbonyl halides

Phosgene

## **6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

## Personal precautions, Emergency procedures, Methods and materials for containment/clean-up:

Prevent further leakage or spillage if you can do so without risk. Evacuate area of all unnecessary personnel. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use Halogen leak detector or other suitable means to locate leaks or check atmosphere. Keep upwind. Evacuate enclosed spaces and disperse gas with floor-level forced-air ventilation. Avoid breathing leaked material. Consult a regulatory specialist to determine appropriate state or local reporting requirements, for assistance in waste characterization and/or hazardous waste disposal and other requirements listed in pertinent environmental permits.

## **Protective equipment:**

Appropriate personal protective equipment is set forth in Section 8.



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## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

## **Handling**

## General information on handling:

Avoid breathing gas.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flames.

Wear cold-insulating gloves/face shield/eye protection.

Keep container closed.

Use only with adequate ventilation.

Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure.

Use a backflow preventative device in piping.

Do NOT change or force fit connections.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Close valve after each use and when empty.

Follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

Do not enter confined spaces unless adequately ventilated.

DO NOT CUT, DRILL, GRIND, OR WELD ON OR NEAR THIS CONTAINER.

Emptied container retains vapor and product residue.

Observe all labeled safeguards until container is cleaned, reconditioned or destroyed.

Improper disposal or reuse of this container may be dangerous and/or illegal.

## **Storage**

## General information on storage conditions:

Keep away from direct sunlight. Keep cylinders restrained. Store in cool, dry, well ventilated area away from sources of ignition such as flame, sparks and static electricity.

## Storage stability - Remarks:

Do not apply direct flame to cylinder. Do not store cylinder in direct sun or expose it to heat above 120 F (48.9 C.). Do not drop or refill this cylinder.

# Storage incompatibility - General:

Store separate from:

Finely divided metals (aluminum, magnesium...)

Strong bases

Alkali metals

Alkaline earth metals

Strong oxidizing agents

## Temperature tolerance – Do not store above:

120 °F (49 °C)



## **FORANE® 22**

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **Airborne Exposure Guidelines:**

Methane, chlorodifluoro- (75-45-6)

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Time weighted average 1,000 ppm

Only those components with exposure limits are printed in this section. Limits with skin contact designation above have skin contact effect. Air sampling alone is insufficient to accurately quantitate exposure. Measures to prevent significant cutaneous absorption may be required. Limits with a sensitizer designation above mean that exposure to this material may cause allergic reactions.

## **Engineering controls:**

Investigate engineering techniques to reduce exposures below airborne exposure limits or to otherwise reduce exposures. Provide ventilation if necessary to minimize exposures or to control exposure levels to below airborne exposure limits (if applicable see above). If practical, use local mechanical exhaust ventilation at sources of air contamination such as open process equipment.

Monitor carbon monoxide and oxygen levels in tanks and enclosed spaces. Consult ACGIH ventilation manual, NFPA Standard 91 and NFPA Standard 654 for design of exhaust system and safe handling.

#### Respiratory protection:

Avoid breathing gas. Where airborne exposure is likely or airborne exposure limits are exceeded (if applicable, see above), use NIOSH approved respiratory protection equipment appropriate to the material and/or its components (full facepiece recommended). Consult respirator manufacturer to determine appropriate type equipment for a given application. Observe respirator use limitations specified by NIOSH or the manufacturer. For emergency and other conditions where there may be a potential for significant exposure or where exposure limit may be significantly exceeded, use an approved full face positive-pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus or positive-pressure airline with auxiliary self-contained air supply. Respiratory protection programs must comply with 29 CFR § 1910.134.

#### Skin protection:

Wear appropriate chemical resistant protective clothing and chemical resistant gloves to prevent skin contact. Consult glove manufacturer to determine appropriate type glove material for given application. Rinse immediately if skin is contaminated. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash contaminated clothing and clean protective equipment before reuse.

#### Eye protection:

Use good industrial practice to avoid eye contact.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Color: Clear - colourless

Physical state: gaseous

Form: Liquefied gas

Odor: Slightly ether-like



# **FORANE® 22**

Odor threshold: No data available

Flash point Not applicable

Auto-ignition temperature:

1,166 - 1,175 °F (630 - 635 °C)

Lower flammable limit

(LFL):

13 %(V)

Upper flammable limit

(UFL):

None.

pH: Not applicable

**Density:** 1.19 g/cm3 (77 °F (25 °C))

**Specific Gravity (Relative** 

density):

No data available

**Vapor pressure:** 7,032 mmHg (77 °F (25 °C))

Vapor density: 3.00 kg/m3

**Boiling point/boiling** 

range:

= -41.4 °F (-40.8 °C)

Melting point/range: No data available

Freezing point: No data available

**Evaporation rate:** No data available

Solubility in water: slightly soluble

Viscosity, dynamic: No data available

Oil/water partition

coefficient:

No data available.

Thermal decomposition: No data available

**Critical point:** Critical temperature: 205.0 °F (96.1 °C)

**Flammability:** See GHS Classification in Section 2 if applicable

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY



## **FORANE® 22**

## Stability:

This material is chemically stable under normal and anticipated storage, handling and processing conditions.

#### **Hazardous reactions:**

• Reacts violently with:

Chlorine

#### Materials to avoid:

Alkaline earth metals Finely divided metals (aluminum, magnesium...) Strong oxidizing agents Alkali metals Strong bases

## Conditions / hazards to avoid:

Heat

## Hazardous decomposition products:

Thermal decomposition giving toxic and corrosive products : hydrogen chloride Hydrogen fluoride Carbon oxides Carbonyl halides Phosgene

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Data on this material and/or a similar material are summarized below.

#### Data for FORANE® 22

## **Acute toxicity**

#### Inhalation:

No deaths occurred. (rat) 6 h LC0 (> 150000 ppm). (vapour)

## Skin Irritation:

Practically non-irritating. (rabbit) (Rapid evaporation of the liquid may cause frostbite.)

## Eye Irritation:

Causes mild eye irritation. (rabbit) (30 s) (gas spray)

#### Sensitization:

Causes cardiac sensitization. (dog, rat, mouse, rabbit and monkey) (Reaction may occur in response to stress (natural adrenaline release) or administration of epinephrine.)

## Repeated dose toxicity

Chronic inhalation administration to rat, mouse / No adverse systemic effects reported.

Chronic oral administration to rat / No adverse systemic effects reported.



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# Carcinogenicity

Chronic inhalation administration to mice / No increase in tumor incidence was reported.

Chronic inhalation administration to female rat / No increase in tumor incidence was reported.

Chronic inhalation administration to male rat / affected organ(s): salivary gland / Increased incidence of tumors was reported. (not considered relevant to humans)

#### **Genotoxicity**

#### **Assessment in Vitro:**

Genetic changes were observed in laboratory tests using: bacteria

No genetic changes were observed in laboratory tests using: animal cells

#### **Assessment in Vivo:**

No genetic changes were observed in laboratory tests using: mice

#### **Developmental toxicity**

Exposure during pregnancy. Inhalation (rat) / At high dose: Birth defects were observed. (eye)

Exposure during pregnancy. Inhalation (rabbit) / No birth defects were observed.

#### Reproductive effects

Reproduction test. Inhalation (rat and mouse) / No toxicity to reproduction / (males)

#### **Human experience**

#### Inhalation:

Lung: Asphyxia, suffocation.

Heart: Palpitation. (based on reports of occupational exposure to workers)

Skin contact:

Skin: irritation, redness, swelling. (repeated or prolonged exposure)

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

# **Chemical Fate and Pathway**

Data on this material and/or a similar material are summarized below.

## Data for FORANE® 22

## **Biodegradation:**

Not readily biodegradable. (28 d) biodegradation 0 %

## **Octanol Water Partition Coefficient:**

log Pow: = 1.11 - 1.16

## Photodegradation:

Half-life direct photolysis: = 8.4 y



## **FORANE® 22**

## **Mobility and Distribution in the Environment:**

Moderate adsorption / Log Koc= 1.8

## **Global Warming Potential:**

GWP 1,810 (Global warming potential with respect to CO2 (time horizon 100 years)) GWP 0.33 (Halocarbon global warming potential; HGWP; (R-11 = 1))

#### **Ozone Depletion Potential:**

ODP 0.055 (Ozone depletion potential; ODP; (R-11 = 1))

#### **Ecotoxicology**

Data on this material and/or a similar material are summarized below.

#### Data for FORANE® 22

#### Aquatic toxicity data:

Practically nontoxic. Brachydanio rerio (zebrafish) 96 h LC50 = 777 mg/l

#### Aquatic invertebrates:

Practically nontoxic. Daphnia magna (Water flea) 48 h EC50 = 433 mg/l

## Microorganisms:

Bacteria under anaerobic conditions 24 h Toxicity threshold > 400 mg/l

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

## Waste disposal:

Do not vent the container contents, or product residuals, to the atmosphere. Recover and reclaim unused contents or residuals as appropriate. Recovered/reclaimed product can be returned to an approved certified reclaimer or back to the seller depending on the material. Completely emptied disposable containers can be disposed of as recyclable steel. Returnable cylinders must be returned to seller. Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations. Consult a regulatory specialist to determine appropriate state or local reporting requirements, for assistance in waste characterization and/or hazardous waste disposal and other requirements listed in pertinent environmental permits. Note: Chemical additions to, processing of, or otherwise altering this material may make this waste management information incomplete, inaccurate, or otherwise inappropriate. Furthermore, state and local waste disposal requirements may be more restrictive or otherwise different from federal laws and regulations.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

# **US Department of Transportation (DOT)**

UN Number : 1018

**Proper shipping name** : Refrigerant gas R 22

Class : 2.2 Marine pollutant : no

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)

UN Number : 1018



## **FORANE® 22**

Proper shipping name : CHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE

Class : 2.2 Marine pollutant : no

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

## **Chemical Inventory Status**

US. Toxic Substances Control Act TSCA The components of this product are all on

the TSCA Inventory.

Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL)

DSL

All components of this product are on the

Canadian DSL

China. Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in

China (IECSC)

IECSC (CN)

Conforms to

Japan. ENCS - Existing and New Chemical

Substances Inventory

ENCS (JP)

Conforms to

Japan. ISHL - Inventory of Chemical Substances ISHL (JP) Conforms to

Korea. Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory (KECI) KECI (KR) Conforms to

Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical PICCS (PH) Conforms to

Substances (PICCS)

## <u>United States - Federal Regulations</u>

#### SARA Title III - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Chemicals:

The components in this product are either not SARA Section 302 regulated or regulated but present in negligible concentrations.

## SARA Title III - Section 311/312 Hazard Categories:

Acute Health Hazard, Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard

## SARA Title III - Section 313 Toxic Chemicals:

<u>Chemical name</u> <u>CAS-No.</u> <u>De minimis</u> <u>Reportable threshold:</u>

Methane, chlorodifluoro- 75-45-6 concentration 1.0 %

1.0 % 25000 lbs (Manufacturing

and processing)
10000 lbs (Otherwise

used (non-

manufacturing/processing))



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# Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) - Reportable Quantity (RQ):

The components in this product are either not CERCLA regulated, regulated but present in negligible concentrations, or regulated with no assigned reportable quantity.

## **United States - State Regulations**

#### **New Jersey Right to Know**

Chemical nameCAS-No.Methane, chlorodifluoro-75-45-6

#### Pennsylvania Right to Know

Chemical nameCAS-No.Methane, chlorodifluoro-75-45-6

## Pennsylvania Right to Know - Environmentally Hazardous Substance(s)

<u>Chemical name</u> <u>CAS-No.</u>

Methane, chlorodifluoro- 75-45-6

## California Prop. 65

This product does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive defects.

## **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

## Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H420 Harms public health and the environment by destroying ozone in the upper atmosphere.

Latest Revision(s):

 Reference number:
 200005550

 Date of Revision:
 05/12/2020

 Date Printed:
 05/12/2020

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